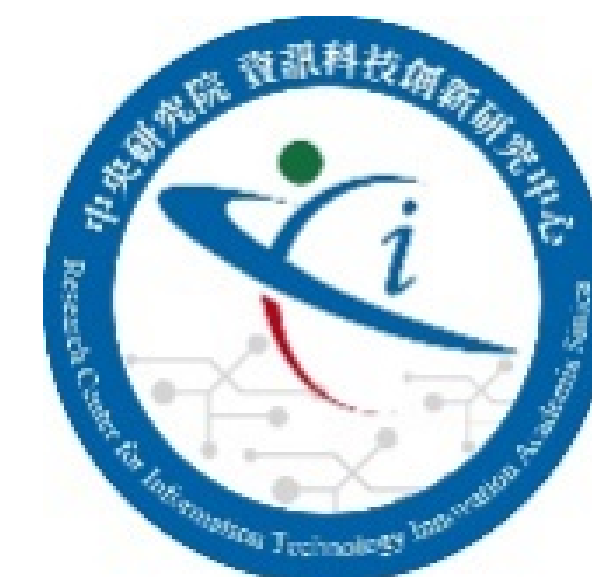
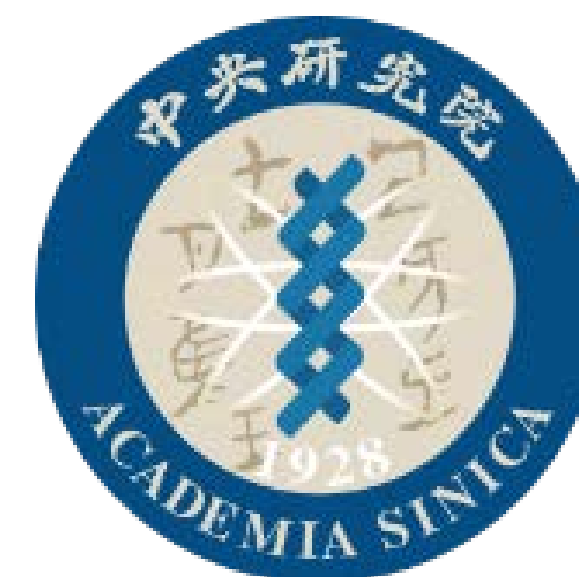


# Pypianoroll: Open Source Python Package for Handling Multitrack Pianoroll

Hao-Wen Dong, Wen-Yi Hsiao and Yi-Hsuan Yang

Research Center for IT Innovation, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan

[Documentation] <https://salu133445.github.io/pypianoroll/>



## >> Core Classes

- # use *symbolic timing*
- each beat has the same length (*beat\_resolution*)
- note length can represent a *musically-meaningful* amount of time (such as a 4th or 8th note)
- # save tempo information in the *tempo* array

### Attributes of a Multitrack object

Attribute	Description
<i>tracks</i>	List of <i>Track</i> objects
<i>beat_resolution</i>	Resolution of a beat (in time step)
<i>tempo</i>	Array that records the tempo value (in bpm) at each time step
<i>downbeat</i>	Array that indicates the locations of downbeats (the first beat of a bar)
<i>name</i>	Name of the multitrack

### Attributes of a Track object

Attribute	Description
<i>pianoroll</i>	Pianoroll matrix
<i>program</i>	Program number according to General MIDI Level 1 specification
<i>is_drum</i>	Whether it is a percussion track
<i>name</i>	Name of the track

## >> Manipulation Utilities

- | track level                    | pianoroll level                |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| # <i>append_track</i>          | # <i>clip</i>                  |
| # <i>merge_tracks</i>          | # <i>binarize</i>              |
| # <i>remove_tracks</i>         | # <i>transpose</i>             |
| # <i>remove_empty_tracks</i>   | # <i>pad_to_multiple</i>       |
| # <i>get_merged_pianoroll</i>  | # <i>assign_constant</i>       |
| # <i>get_stacked_pianoroll</i> | # <i>trim_trailing_silence</i> |

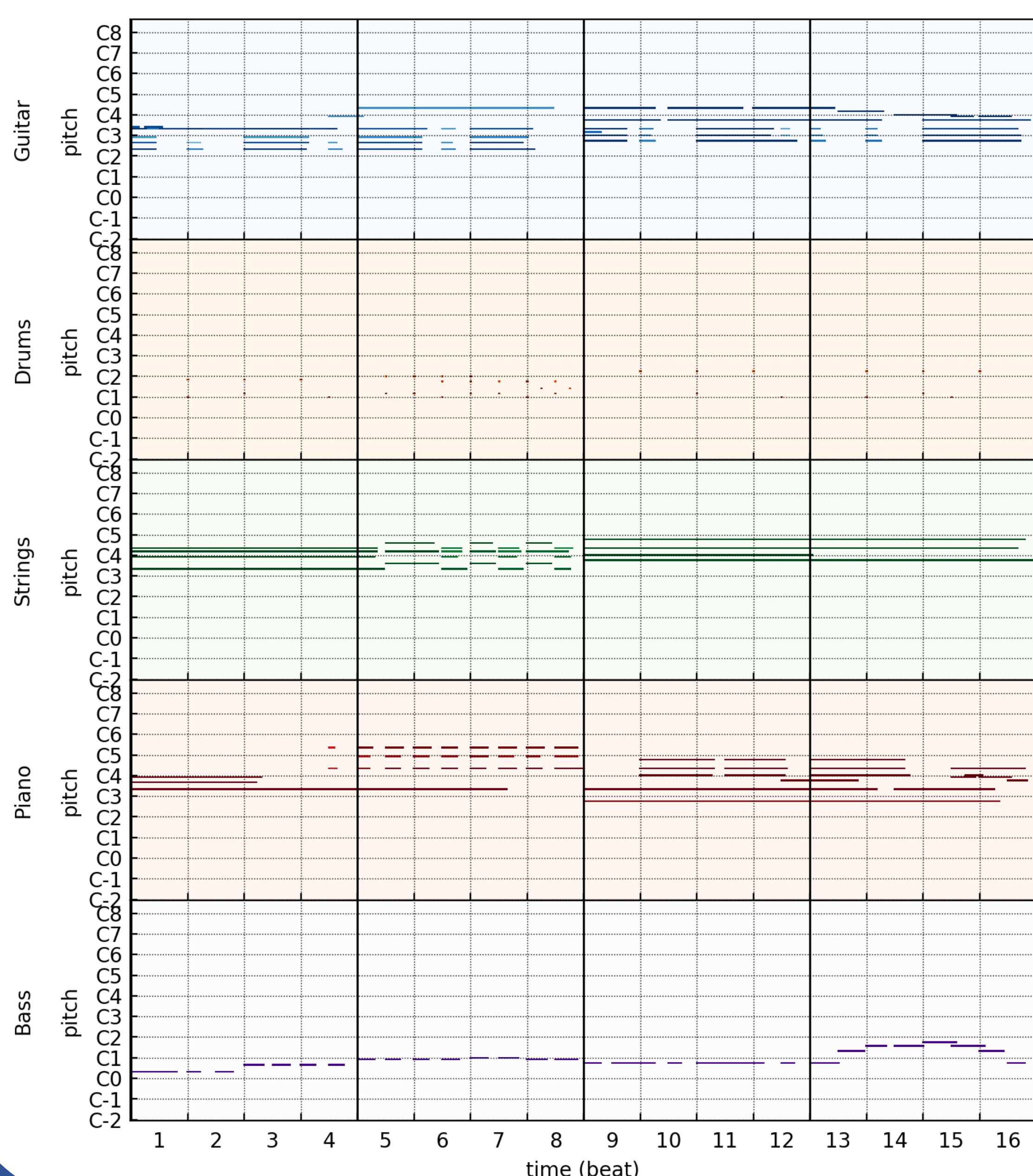
## >> Evaluation Metrics

- |                               |                               |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| # <i>empty_bar_rate</i>       | # <i>n_pitches_used</i>       |
| # <i>qualified_note_rate</i>  | # <i>n_pitch_classes_used</i> |
| # <i>drum_in_pattern_rate</i> | # <i>in_scale_rate</i>        |
| # <i>polyphonic_rate</i>      | # <i>tonal_distance</i> [2]   |
- (designed for evaluating **generative system** [1])

## >> Content Analysis Utilities

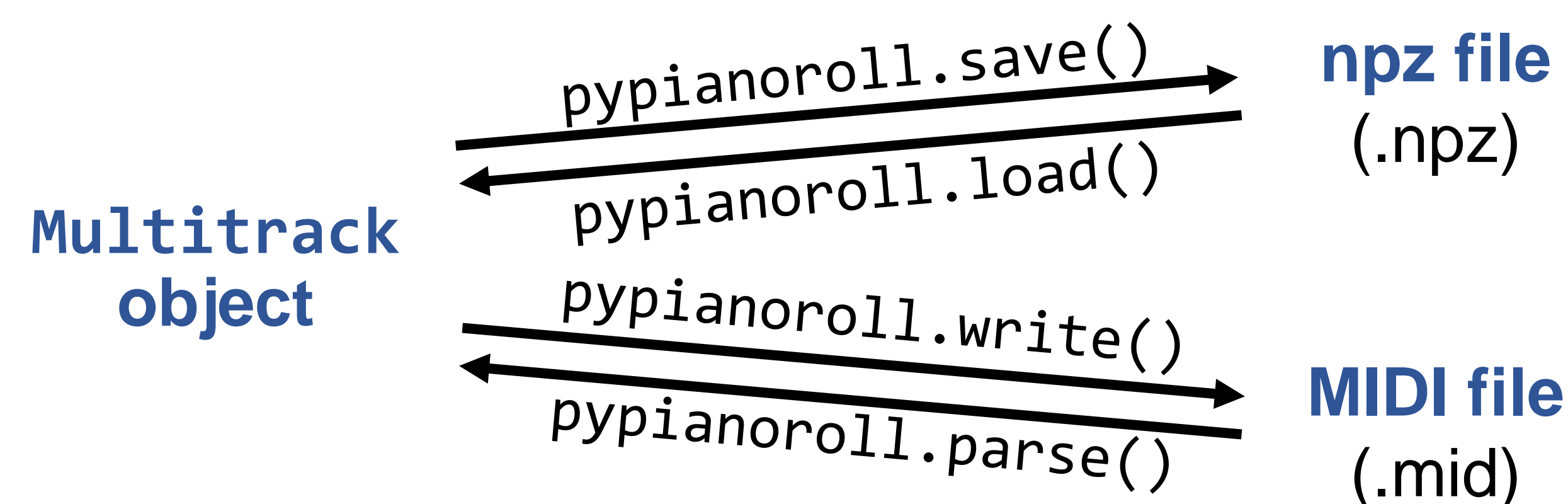
- # key detection
  - # melody recognition
  - # chord recognition
  - # chord-related feature extraction
- (future plan)  
(may contribute to applications like lead sheet arrangement [3])

## >> Visualization



## >> Data I/O

(use compressed column storage to save space)



(use *pretty\_midi* [4] for MIDI I/O)

(plan to support MusicXML format in the future)

## >> References

- [1] H.-W. Dong, W.-Y. Hsiao, L.-C. Yang, and Y.-H. Yang. MuseGAN: Symbolic-domain music generation and accompaniment with multi-track sequential generative adversarial networks. In *Proc. AAAI*, 2018.
- [2] C. Harte, M. Sandler, and M. Gasser. Detecting harmonic change in musical audio. In *Proc. ACM Workshop on Audio and Music Computing Multimedia*, 2006.
- [3] H.-M. Liu and Y.-H. Yang. Lead sheet generation and arrangement by conditional generative adversarial network. In *Proc. ICMLA*, 2018.
- [4] C. Raffel and D. P. W. Ellis. Intuitive analysis, creation and manipulation of MIDI data with *pretty\_midi*. In *ISMIR Late Breaking and Demo Papers*, 2014.