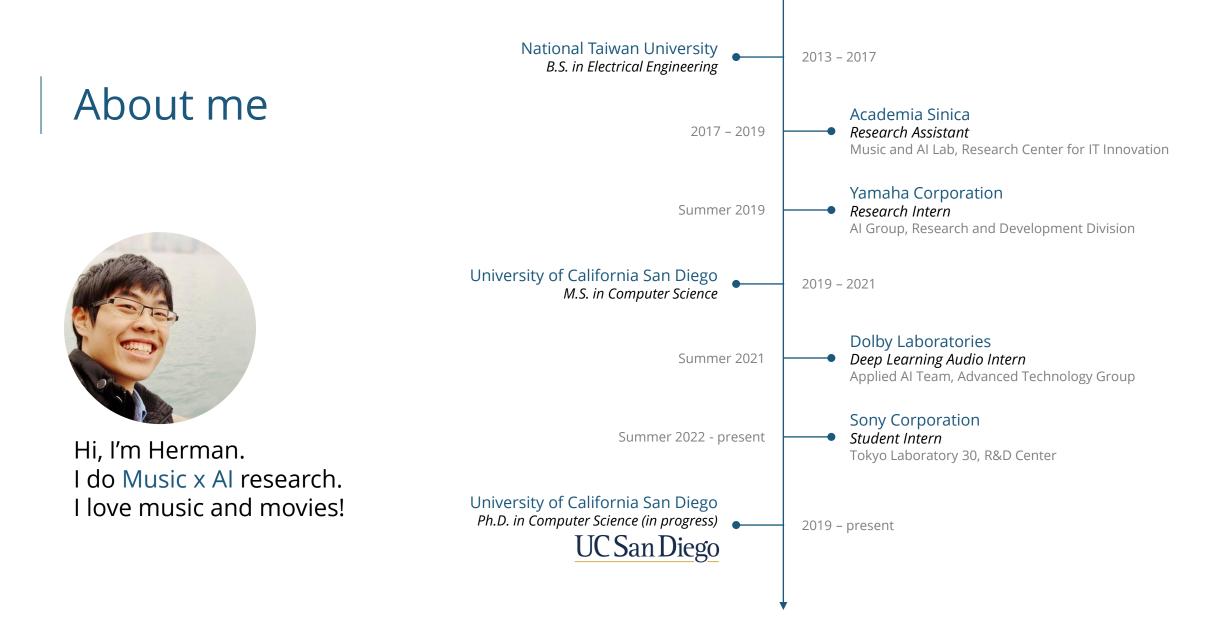
Generating Multitrack Music using Deep Learning

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Outlines

- MuseGAN for multitrack music generation (AAAI 2018)
- Arranger for automatic instrumentation (ISMIR 2021)
- Multitrack Music Transformer for multitrack music generation (submitted to ISMIR 2022)

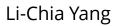
MuseGAN

Generating multitrack music using convolutional GANs (AAAI 2018)









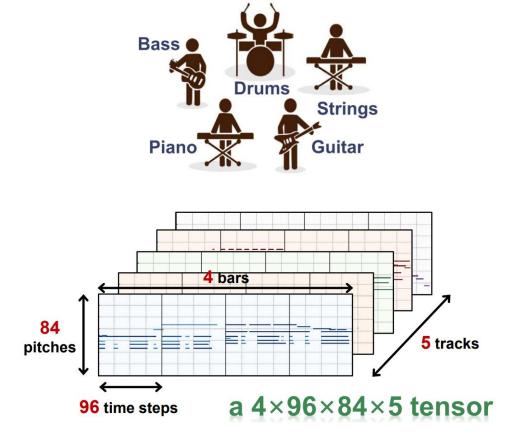


Yi-Hsuan Yang

Overview

Generate pop music

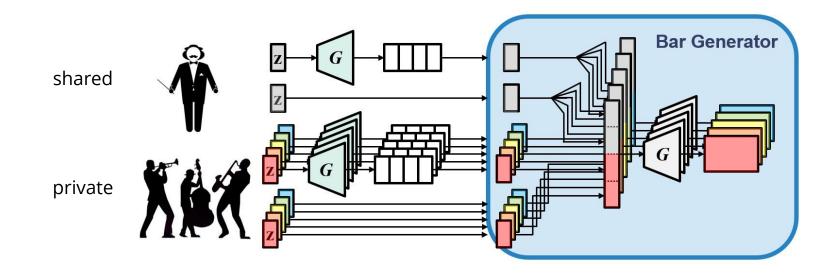
- of five polyphonic tracks
- in the piano-roll format
- using convolutional GANs (generative adversarial networks)
- on the Lakh MIDI Dataset



Hao-Wen Dong,* Wen-Yi Hsiao,* Li-Chia Yang, and Yi-Hsuan Yang, "MuseGAN: Multi-track Sequential Generative Adversarial Networks for Symbolic Music Generation and Accompaniment," *Proceedings of the 32nd AAAI Conference on Artificial Intelligence (AAAI)*, 2018.

Model

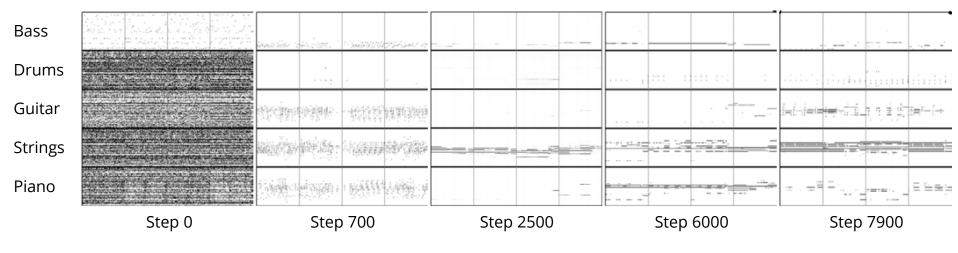
- Each track takes a shared and a private random vectors as inputs
- Offer better controllability than one single random vector input



Demo



Unconditional generation samples



Training progress

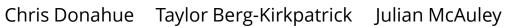
Summary

- Proposed the first deep learning model for generating music consisting of multiple polyphonic tracks
- Proposed the shared and private latent variables to enhance the controllability
- Showed that the proposed model can learn basic musical concepts

Arranger

Approaching automatic instrumentation by learning to separate parts (ISMIR 2021)

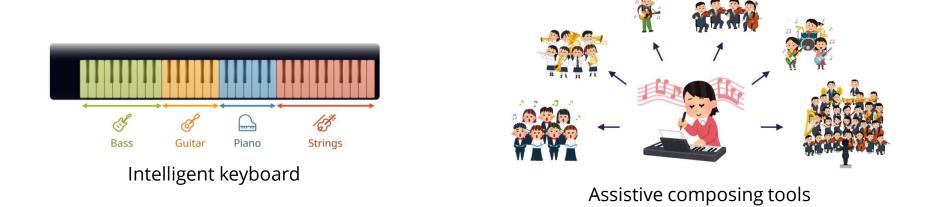




Overview

Dynamically assign instruments to notes in solo music

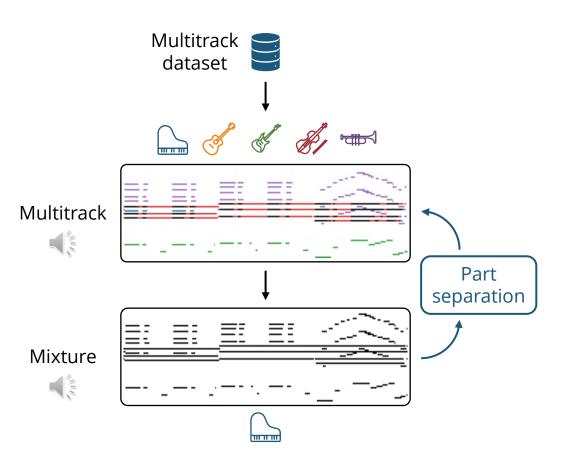
- by learning to separate parts from a mixture
- using LSTMs and transformers
- on four diverse datasets (Bach chorales, string quartets, game music, pop music)



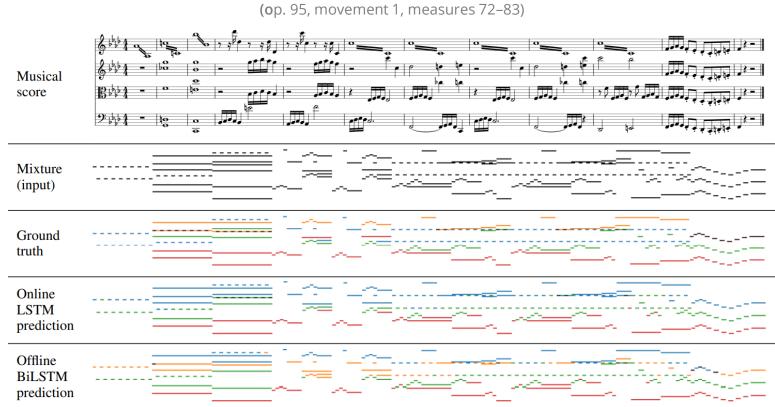
Hao-Wen Dong, Chris Donahue, Taylor Berg-Kirkpatrick and Julian McAuley, "Towards Automatic Instrumentation by Learning to Separate Parts in Symbolic Multitrack Music," *Proceedings of the 22nd International Society for Music Information Retrieval Conference (ISMIR)*, 2021.

Pipeline

- Downmix multitracks into single-track mixtures
- Train the model to predict the part label for each note in a mixture
- Treat input from a keyboard player as a downmixed mixture and separate out the relevant parts



A challenging example

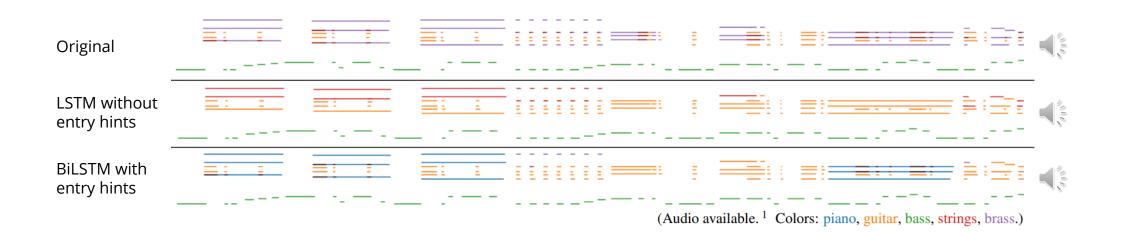


Beethoven's String Quartet No. 11 in F minor

(Audio available.¹ Colors: first violin, second violin, viola, cello.)

Demo

• The proposed models can produce alternative convincing instrumentations for an existing arrangement



Summary

- Approached automatic instrumentation by learning to separate parts
- Showed that our proposed models outperform various baselines

Multitrack Music Transformer

Generating multitrack music using transformers (submitted to ISMIR 2022)







Shlomo Dubnov





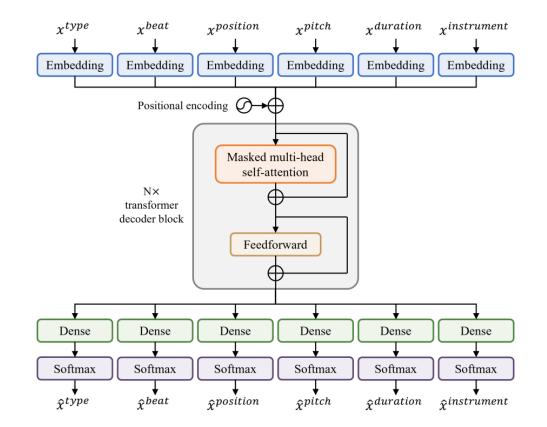


Taylor Berg-Kirkpatrick

Overview

Generate music

- of diverse instruments
- with a multi-dimensional transformer
- using a new compact representation
- on pop and orchestral music datasets



Representation

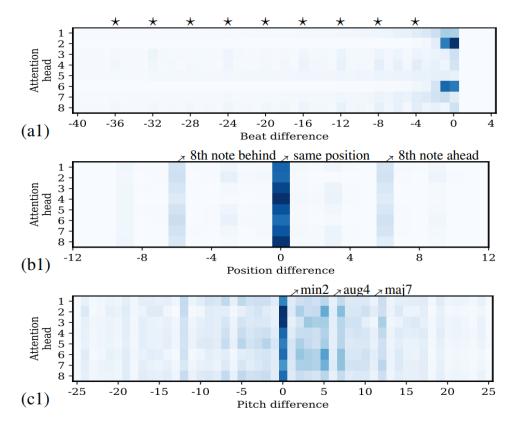
• Represent 2-4x longer music within the same sequence length (compared to existing representations)

Example results

Unconditional generation 1

Unconditional generation 2

4-beat continuation



Attention visualization

Summary

- Proposed a new representation that can represent 2-4x longer multitrack music within the same sequence length (compared to existing representations)
- Showed that the proposed model can achieve competitive quality against two baseline models (of similar sizes)
- Showed that the model can generate 2-3x more notes in the same inference time (compared to the two baseline models)

Acknowledgment



Julian McAuley



Taylor Berg-Kirkpatrick Shlomo Dubnov





Yi-Hsuan Yang



Ke Chen

Chris Donahue







Li-Chia Yang

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Thank you!





Multitrack Music Transformer

